with the procedures in part 2, subpart J, of this chapter. The data and information submitted must show the capability of the equipment to meet the requirements of this part as well as the requirements contained in part 15 of this chapter for digital devices.

(b) Decoders used for the detection of the EAS codes and receiving the Attention Signal must be Certified in accordance with the procedures in part 2, subpart J, of this chapter. The data and information submitted must show the capability of the equipment to meet the requirements of this part as well as the requirements contained in part 15 of this chapter for digital devices.

(c) The functions of the EAS decoder, Attention Signal generator and receiver, and the EAS encoder specified in §§11.31, 11.32 and 11.33 may be combined and Certified as a single unit provided that the unit complies with all specifications in this rule section.

(d) Manufacturers must include instructions and information on how to install, operate and program an EAS Encoder, EAS Decoder, or combined unit and a list of all State and county FIPS numbers with each unit sold or marketed in the U.S.

(e) Waiver requests of the Certification requirements for EAS Encoders or EAS Decoders which are constructed for use at a broadcast station or subject cable system, but are not offered for sale will be considered on an individual basis in accordance with part 1, subpart G, of this chapter.

[59 FR 67092, Dec. 28, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 56000, Nov. 6, 1995]

§11.35 Equipment operational readiness.

(a) Broadcast stations and cable systems and wireless cable systems are responsible for ensuring that EAS Encoders, EAS Decoders and Attention Signal generating and receiving equipment used as part of the EAS are installed so that the monitoring and transmitting functions are available during the times the stations and systems are in operation. Additionally, broadcast stations and cable systems and wireless cable systems must determine the cause of any failure to receive the required tests or activations specified in §§11.61(a) (1) and (2). Appropriate

entries must be made in the broadcast station log as specified in §73.1820 and §73.1840 of this chapter, cable system record as specified in §§76.1700, 76.1708, and 76.1711 of this chapter, MDS/MMDS station records as specified in §21.304 of this chapter, indicating reasons why any tests were not received.

(b) If the EAS Encoder or EAS Decoder becomes defective, the broadcast station, cable system or wireless cable system may operate without the defective equipment pending its repair or replacement for 60 days without further FCC authority. Entries shall be made in the broadcast station log, cable system or wireless cable system station records showing the date and time the equipment was removed and restored to service. For personnel training purposes, the required monthly test script must still be transmitted even though the equipment for generating the EAS message codes, Attention Signal and EOM code is not functioning.

(c) If repair or replacement of defective equipment is not completed within 60 days, an informal request shall be submitted to the District Director of the FCC field office serving the area in which the broadcast station, cable system or wireless cable system is located for additional time to repair the defective equipment. This request must explain what steps have been taken to repair or replace the defective equipment, the alternative procedures being used while the defective equipment is out of service, and when the defective equipment will be repaired or replaced.

[63 FR 29664, June 1, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 53614, Sept. 5, 2000]

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 65 FR 53614, Sept. 5, 2000, $\S11.35$, paragraph (a), was amended by removing '' $\S76.305$ '' and adding in its place '' $\S876.1700$, 76.1708, and 76.1711'', effective Oct. 5, 2000.

Subpart C—Organization

§11.41 Participation in EAS.

(a) All broadcast stations and cable systems and wireless cable systems specified in §11.11 are categorized as Participating National (PN) sources unless authorized by the FCC to be a Non-Participating (NN) sources.

(b) A broadcast station and cable system and wireless cable system may

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submit a written request to the FCC asking to be a Non-Participating National (NN) source. The FCC may then issue a Non-participating National Authorization letter. NN sources must go off the air during a national EAS activation after transmitting specified information.

- (1) A station or system that is a Non-participating National (NN) source under §11.18(f) that wants to become a Participating National (PN) source in the national level EAS must submit a written request to the FCC.
- (2) NN sources may voluntarily participate in the State and Local Area EAS. Participation is at the discretion of broadcast station and cable system and wireless cable system management and should comply with State and Local Area EAS Plans.
- (c) All sources, including NN, must have immediate access to an Operating Handbook. They should contact the FCC to ensure that they are on the FCC EAS mailing list.

[63 FR 29664, June 1, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 21658, Apr. 24, 2000]

§ 11.42 Participation by communications common carriers.

- (a) During activation of the National level EAS, communications common carriers which have facilities available in place may, without charge, connect:
- (1) An originating source from the nearest service area to a selected Test Center and then to the radio and television broadcast networks, and cable networks and program suppliers for the duration of the emergency, provided an Emergency Action Notification is issued by the White House and the originating source has a local channel from the originating point to the nearest service area.
- (2) An independent broadcast station to the radio and television broadcast networks, and cable networks and program suppliers provided the station has in service a local channel from the station's studio or transmitter directly to the broadcast source.
- (b) Upon receipt of the Emergency Action Termination, the common carriers shall disconnect the originating source and the participating independent stations and restore the net-

works and program suppliers to their original configurations.

(c) During a National level EAS Closed Circuit Test, common carriers which have facilities in place may, without charge, connect an originating source from the nearest service area to a selected Test Center and then to the radio networks and, if participating, any television networks and cable networks and program suppliers. Independent stations will not be connected during the test unless authorized by the FCC. Upon test termination, participants shall be restored to their original configurations.

(d) A common carrier rendering free service shall file with the FCC, on or before July 31st and January 31st of each year, reports covering the six months ending on June 30th and December 31st respectively. These reports shall state what free service was rendered under this rule and the charges in dollars which would have accrued to the carrier for this service if charges had been collected at the published tariff rates if such carriers are required to file tariffs.

§11.43 National level participation.

The industry entities voluntarily participating in the national level EAS are:

- (a) Radio Networks.
- (1) ABC.
- (2) Associated Press (APR).
- (3) CBS.
- (4) CNN.
- (5) Jones Satellite Audio.
- (6) Moody Broadcasting Network.
- (7) Mutual Broadcasting System (MBS).
 - (8) MUZAK.
 - (9) NBC.
 - (10) National Public (NPR).
 - (11) Unistar.
- (12) United Press International (UPIR).
 - (13) USA.
 - (b) Television Networks.
 - (1) ABC.
 - (2) CBS.
 - (3) FOX.
 - (4) NBC. (5) PBS.
 - (c) Cable Program Suppliers.
- (1) Cable News Network (CNN) and CNN Headline News.